Higher Spin Mode Stability for STU Black Hole Backgrounds

M. Cvetic^{1,2,3}, M. A. Liao^{*,1,4}, and M. M. Stetsko^{1,5}

 $^{1}\mathrm{Depart\,ment}$ of Physics and Astronomy, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA, 19104, USA

²Department of Mathematics, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA, 19104, USA ³Center for Applied Mathematics and Theoretical Physics, University of Maribor, Maribor,

Slovenia

⁴Departamento de Física, Universidade Federal da Paraíba, 58051-970 João Pessoa, PB, Brazil

⁵Department for Theoretical Physics, Ivan Franko National University of Lviv, Lviv, UA-79005, Ukraine

We report results from a recent work in which mode stability of a STU black hole with four pairwise equal U(1) charges has been investigated in four spacetime dimensions. Such black hole solutions arise naturally in the settings of superstrings and supergravity. These solutions are defined by six parameters: the four aforementioned charges, mass, and angular momentum. We investigate bosonic perturbations in this metric for probe fields with different values of spin through implementation of Whiting's transformations to a conjectured "Teukolsky-like"equation. Then, we use connection relations inspired by the work of Duztas (2016) to prove the absence of unstable modes solving the torsion-modified Dirac equation appropriate for this background, thus verifying mode stability for spin half fermions.